

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CENTRE CANDIDATE NUMBER NUMBER			
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Paper 2 (Extended)

October/November 2012

1 hour 30 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials:

Electronic calculator

Mathematical tables (optional)

Geometrical instruments Tracing paper (optional)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown below that question.

Electronic calculators should be used.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place.

For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

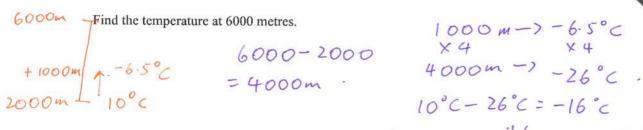
The total of the marks for this paper is 70.

This document consists of 12 printed pages.



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On a mountain, the temperature decreases by 6.5 °C for every 1000 metres increase in height. At 2000 metres the temperature is 10 °C.



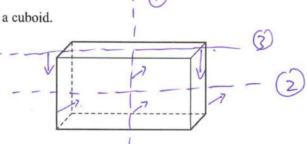
Answer ______ °C [2]

2 Use your calculator to find the value of

$$\frac{8.1^2 + 6.2^2 - 4.3^2}{2 \times 8.1 \times 6.2}$$
.

[2]

(a) The diagram shows a cuboid.



How many planes of symmetry does this cuboid have?

Answer(a) [1]

(b) Write down the order of rotational symmetry for the following diagram.

Rolational Symmetray when you turn the object one round (360°)



How many time it. will look the same

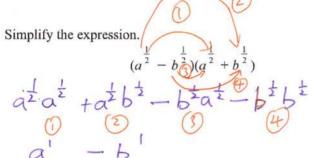
[1]

Write down all your working to show that the following statement is correct.

$$\frac{1+\frac{8}{9}}{2+\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{34}{45}$$

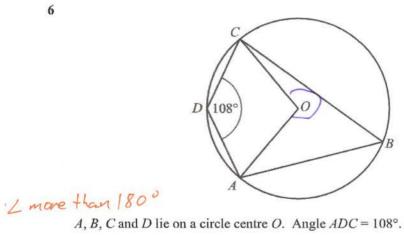
Answer

[2]



[2]

6



NOT TO SCALE

Work out the obtuse angle AOC.

reglex angle AOC 108°X2 = 216° (Lat centre = 2Latcircumperace)

Obtuse angle AOC $360-216^{\circ}$ Answer Angle AOC = 144 [2] more than 90° = 144° (45 at a point)

7 The train fare from Bangkok to Chiang Mai is 768 baht. The exchange rate is £1 = 48 baht.

Calculate the train fare in pounds (£).

Answer £		[2]
22/10/1/01	***************************************	[2]

8 Acri invested \$500 for 3 years at a rate of 2.8% per year compound interest.

Calculate the final amount he has after 3 years.

9 Solve the inequality.

$$\frac{2x-3}{5} - \frac{x}{3} \le 2$$

Answer		[3]
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10 A large water bottle holds 25 litres of water correct to the nearest litre. A drinking glass holds 0.3 litres correct to the nearest 0.1 litre.

Calculate the lower bound for the number of glasses of water which can be filled from the bottle.

Answer		[3]
20 miles 10 miles	***************************************	

11 The electrical resistance, R, of a length of cylindrical wire varies inversely as the square of the diameter, d, of the wire.

$$R = \frac{K}{d^2}$$

$$P = \frac{R}{d^2}$$

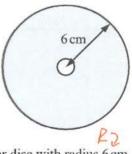
$$10 = \frac{10}{2^2}$$

$$10 \times 4 = 10$$

Find R when d = 2. Step $R = \frac{16}{d^2}$ Find when d = 4. Find $R = \frac{16}{d^2}$ Find $R = \frac{16}{4!}$ Find R

Answer
$$R = 2.5$$
 [3]

12



NOT TO **SCALE**

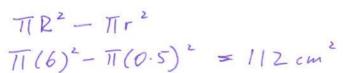
* Area of Big circle

Area of Small circle

The diagram shows a circular disc with radius 6 cm.

In the centre of the disc there is a circular hole with radius 0.5 cm.

Calculate the area of the shaded section.



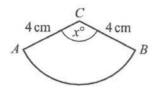
Answer	11.2	cm ²	[3]
2012/10/10 20	***************************************		[-]

Find the matrix which represents the combined transformation of a reflection in the x axis to by a reflection in the line y = x.

Answer

[3]

14



NOT TO SCALE

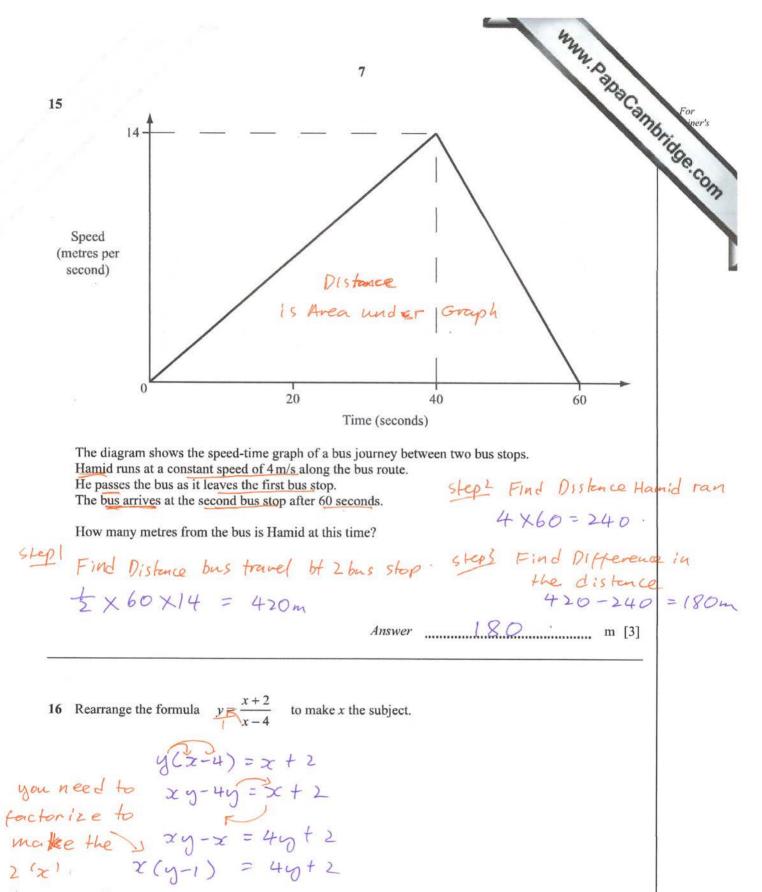
Are Length = 360 x 217r

ABC is a sector of a circle, radius 4 cm and centre C. The length of the arc AB is 8 cm and angle $ACB = x^{\circ}$.

Calculate the value of x.

Answer x =

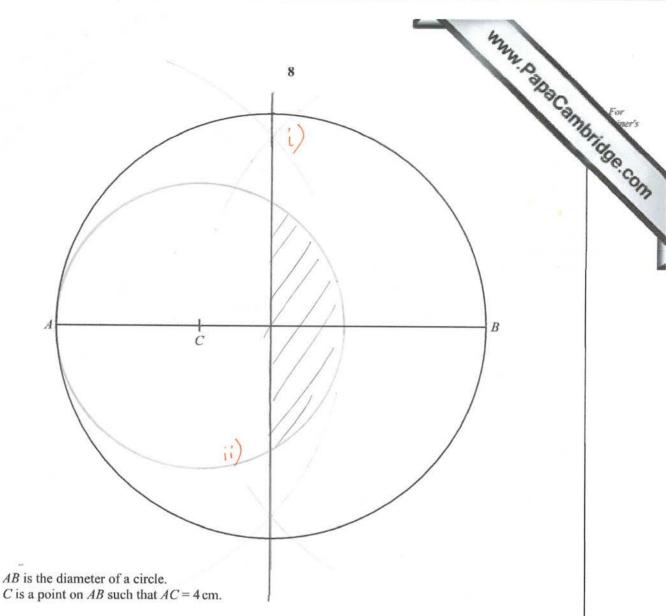
[3]



 $Answer x = \frac{4y+2}{y-1}$

become 1

 $x = \frac{4y+2}{y-1}$



(a) Using a straight edge and compasses only, construct

(i) the locus of points which are equidistant from A and from B,

[2]

(ii) the locus of points which are 4 cm from C.

[1]

(b) Shade the region in the diagram which is

nearer to B than to A

and

• less than 4 cm from C.

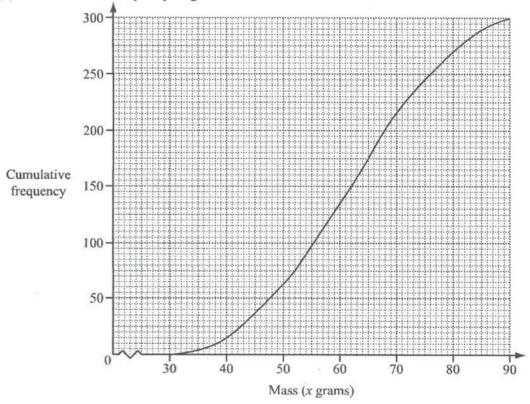
[1]

				1	4		
			9			W. Data	
Mass (x grams)	ords the mass ar $30 < x \le 40$	and grade of 300 $40 < x \le 50$	eggs. The table $x = 50 < x \le 60$	shows the result $60 < x \le 70$	s. $70 < x \le 80$	80 < x ≤ 30	r ner's
Frequency	15	48	72	81	54	30	CON
requency							Marie .

(a)	Find the probability	that an egg cho	osen at random i	s graded	very la	irge.
-----	----------------------	-----------------	------------------	----------	---------	-------

Answer(a) [1]

(b) The cumulative frequency diagram shows the results from the table.



Use the cumulative frequency diagram to find

444			A	12.	
449	177.65	m	part.	18-41	177
(i)	the	ALL	w	ша	ma,

(ii)

- Answer(b)(i) _____ g [1] the lower quartile,
- Answer(b)(ii) g [1] the inter-quartile range, (iii)
- Answer(b)(iii) g [1]
- (iv) the number of eggs with a mass greater than 65 grams.

Answer(b)(iv)	 [2

Find

(a)
$$M^2$$
, $\begin{pmatrix} 5 - 4 \\ 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 5 & -4 \\ 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$

[2]

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(b) 2M,

Answer(b)

[1]

(c) |M|, the determinant of M,

Det |ad-bc| Det M |5x3-(-4x2) |.

| 15 + 8 | Answer(c) 23

(d) M^{-1} .

Answer(d)
$$\frac{1}{23} \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ -2 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$$
 [2]

$$f(x) = 4(x+1)$$
 $g(x) = \frac{x^3}{2} - 1$

(a) Write down the value of x when $f^{-1}(x) = 2$.

$$Answer(a) x =$$
 [1]

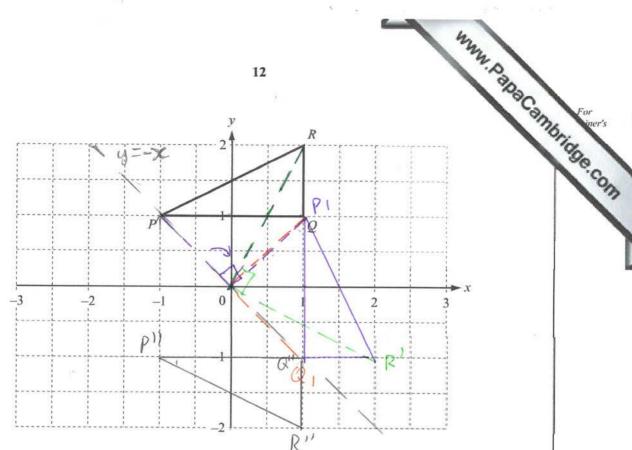
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(b) Find fg(x). Give your answer in its simplest form.

$$Answer(b) fg(x) =$$
 [2]

(c) Find $g^{-1}(x)$.

Answer(c)
$$g^{-1}(x) =$$
 [3]



The triangle PQR has co-ordinates P(-1, 1), Q(1, 1) and R(1, 2).

(a) Rotate triangle PQR by 90° clockwise about (0, 0). Label your image P'Q'R'.

[2]

(b) Reflect your triangle P'Q'R' in the line y = -x. Label your image P"Q"R".

[2]

(c) Describe fully the single transformation which maps triangle PQR onto triangle P"Q"R".

Answer(c) Reflection on the >C axis or y=0[2]